

OSLO METROPOLITAN UNIVERSITY STORBYUNIVERSITETET

Everyday eating and GIs - tradition and health

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Aim of GIs

- Support local agriculture
- Celebrate regional traditions and know how
- Preserve local identities culture and nature and enhance cultural heritage
- Protect the intellectual property and rights of local producers
- Protect traditional food from imitation and unfair competition



Consumers and GIs

The qualitative consumer approach used in the Strength2Food project, which aims at improving the **effectiveness of current policies on food quality designations**, shows that GIs (PDO, PGI and TSG) are not a visible part of everyday food practices in 40 households across 7 countries. And this was also confirmed by quantitative consumers surveys.

https://www.strength2food.eu/



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Source: https://www.strength2food.eu/food-practices-and-quality-labels-in-european-households-gallery/





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Cooking





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Eating



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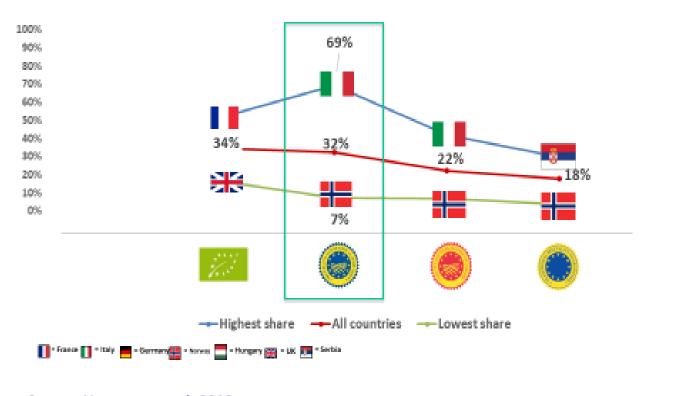


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Considerable Differences in Recognition of EU Labels by Country



Source: Hartmann et al. 2019a





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Consumers **do not know much about GI specifications** that producers follow and respect. But they were concerned about health and nutrition, during all the studied phases of food consumption.

Potential:

More information about GI specifications may contribute to a more diversified and healthy diet.



The way GIs are produced

S2F fieldwork observation: Ambivalent relationship/perceptions. Consumers often associate GIs with "better", "greener" and "healthier". But on the contrary they can also associate GIs with traditional food based on older recipes/conservation methods with too much salt or sugar.

Fresh food products: GIs and traditional products are often perceived as closer to organic production (less chemicals and pesticides etc.)

Processed food products: GIs and traditionally produced products vs. ultra-processed products. It is for health reasons recommended to avoid or limit ultra-processed food products.



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GIs - traditional products anchored in local culture

- a potential through the close relationship between people and food/consumers and producers.
- Close relationship central for the appreciation of the product as well as a pillar for trust.
- Know-how and local culture: It could potentially be a healthier value in small scale production, BUT all GIs are not small scale.
- Small scale produced GIs can emphasize the closeness between local place and local people who consumers can meet
- Large scale produced GIs can find a similar relationship, but has to virtual – hyperreal



GIS - Everyday eating, tradition and health

"Health" and "healthy diet " – definitions vary from culture to culture. GIs are different from product to product/country to country/etc.

Need to explore how cultural references may have impact on consumer behavior and see how this could be a mechanism to encourage healthy diets (or not).

Experts who recommend raw food/vegan food/home made food, advise to choose organic food and fresh food. In southern Europe they recommend "terroir food".



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Conclusions

Everyday eating

- Gls are not a visible part of everyday food practices.
- Close relationship central for the appreciation of the product and for trust.

Consumer approach shows

- A great interest in health but no special recognition of GIs as healthier.
- Focus on pesticides and chemicals in food products, but not much recognition of GIs as better in this field.

How to promote GI and health?

 Information flyers and traditional marketing methods have not worked - maybe better with educational programs, workshop and interactivity with food shoppers and eaters.

What type of research would we need on this issue?



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References

More information about S2F: Strength2Food website: <u>www.strength2food.eu</u> Twitter: <u>#Strength2Food</u> Facebook: <u>@Strength2Food</u>

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